

出埃及记 Exodus





摩西律法: 滅命, 律例, 典章 The Mosaic Law: Commandments, Statues, and Rules

十诫

The Ten Commandments

头四条诚命

The First Four Commandments

后六条诚命

The Last Six Commandments

律例 Statutes/Decrees

神与人之间的关系 God to Human Relations 典章

Rules/Laws/Regulations/ judgement/ordinances

人与人之间的关系

Human to Human Relations





(出埃及记》. 20:3-17) (中命记》. 5:6-21)

- 1)除了我以外,你不可有别的神;
- 2) 不可制作和敬拜偶像;
- 3) 不可妄称神的名;
- 4) 守安息日;

The Ten Commandments

(Exodus V. 20:1-26)

(**Deuteronomy V. 5:6-21**)

- 1) You shall have no other gods before me;
- 2) You shall not make or worship idols;
- 3) You shall not take God's name in vain;
- 4) Remember the sabbath day, to keep it holy.



- 5) 孝敬父母;
- 6) 不可杀人;
- 7) 不可奸淫;
- 8) 不可偷盗;
- 9) 不可做假见证陷害人;
- 10) 不可贪恋。

- 5) Honor your parents;
- 6) You shall not murder;
- 7) You shall not commit adultery;
- 8) You shall not steal;
- 9) You shall not bear false witness against your neighbor;
- 10) You shall not covet.





Review:

摩西律法之约—十诫

不可偷盗

The Mosaic Covenant of Law---The Ten Commandments You Shall Not Steal (V. 20:15)

- ●一、定义 | 1. Definition
- ●二、意义 | 2. Significance
- ●乏、处罚 | 3. Punishment
- ●四、劝勉 | 4. Exhortation



摩西律法之约—十诫

不可做假见证陷害人

The Mosaic Covenant of Law---The Ten Commandments
Shall not Bear False Witness
against Your Neighbor
Exodus 20:16

- ●一、闷疑 | 1. Questions
- ●五、惩罚 | 3. Punishment
- ●如、意义 | 4. Significance
- ●五、结论 | 5. Conclusion



电影悲惨世界的情节: 神父与冉阿让的故事

Movie Les Miserables:

The story of the priest and Jean Valjean





●一、闷疑 | 1. Questions

1、不可做假见证陷害 人和不可说谎是不是一 个意思? 1) Is "You shall not bear false witness against your neighbors" same as "You shall not lie"?



> 2、"不可做假见证陷害人" 这条诚命从语法角度可以分 成两部分:不可做假见证和 陷害人。

- 》如果做真见证,会害了别人,那是不是就可以不做真见证 而说假话?
- 户如果是为了救人,是不是就 可以做假见证了?

- ➤ 2) "You shall not bear false witness against your neighbors" includes two components Grammarly: Shall not bear false witness and against your neighbors"
- If bearing true witness will harm others, then can we not bear true witness and tell lies?
- If it is to save people, can we bear false witness?



》 3、如果一个人被医生诊断了严重的疾病,同时病人心里 严重的疾病,同时病人心里 承受能力又非常低这时家人 就告诉他,没什么大病,就 是个重感冒而已,这样做是 撒谎吗? 你能接受吗?

➤ 3) If a person is diagnosed with a serious disease by a doctor, and the patient's psychological tolerance is very low, then his family tells him that it is not a serious illness, but just a bad cold. Is this lying? Can you accept it?



~4、如果一个教会有两个核心 同工经常有意见分歧, 同工A 就经常来到牧师那里指责抱 怨同工B,如果同工B来问牧 师,同工A是不是经常到你这 儿来抱怨我? 作为牧师如果 说, "没有了, 就是沟通事 工上的一些事情。"这样的 回答是说谎吗? 你能接受吗?

> 4) If two core co-workers in a church have differences of opinion, and co-worker A often comes to the pastor to accuse and complain about co-worker B, if co-worker B asks the pastor, "Does co-worker A often come to you to complain about me?" If the pastor says, "No, we just communicate about some things in the ministry." Is this a lie? Can you accept it?



- > 5、如果你是宣教士,到一个 迫害基督教的国家或地区去 宣教,入境时,边境官员问 你来做什么?你就要说假话, 这是不是可以呢?
- > 5. If you are a missionary going to a country or region that persecutes Christianity, when you enter the country, the border official asks you what you are doing there, and you tell a lie, is that okay?





●二、 案例 | 2. Bible Stories

做假见证陷害人的例子

> 拿伯的葡萄园 (列王纪上 21:1-21)

Example of bearing false witness to frame someone

The midwife deceived Pharaoh (Exodus 1:15-21)



马太福音 26:59-60a

- 59祭司长和全公会寻找假见 证控告耶稣,要治死他。
- ▶ 60 虽有好些人来作假见证, 总得不着实据。

Matthew 26:59–60a (ESV)

- ➤ 59 Now the chief priests and the whole council were seeking false testimony against Jesus that they might put him to death,
- ➤ 60 but they found none, though many false witnesses came forward.



圣经中说谎的例子 | People Lied in Bible Stories

- ►1、亚伯拉罕欺骗亚比米勒 (创世纪 20:1-18)
- > 1) Abraham deceived Abimelech (Genesis 20:1-18)

2、以撒欺骗基拉耳人 (创世纪 26:6-11)

> 2) Isaac deceived the people of Gerar (Genesis 26:6-11)

→ 3、雅各欺骗以撒 (创世纪 27:1-29)

> 3) Jacob deceived Issac (Genesis 27:1-29)



4、收生婆欺骗法老 (出埃及记1:15-21)

4) The midwife deceived Pharaoh (Exodus 1:15-21)

- 5、喇合欺骗耶利哥兵丁 (约书亚记2:1-24)
- > 5) Rahab deceived the soldiers of Jericho (Joshua 2:1-24)
- ▶ 6、神吩咐撒母耳欺骗扫罗 > (撒母耳记上 16:1-13)
 - 6) God taught Samuel to deceive Saul (1 Samuel 16:1-13)





● 乏、 慈 祠 | 3. Punishment

利未记5:1

> 1 若有人听见发誓的 声音,他本是见证, 却不把所看见的、所 知道的说出来, 这就 是罪;他要担当他的 罪孽。

Leviticus 5:1 (ESV)

> 1 "If anyone sins in that he hears a public adjuration to testify, and though he is a witness, whether he has seen or come to know the matter, yet does not speak, he shall bear his iniquity;



申命记 19:15-20

- ▶15人无论犯甚么罪,作甚 么恶,不可凭一个人的口 作见证,总要凭两三个人 的口作见证才可定案。
- ▶16 若有凶恶的见证人起来, 见证某人作恶,
- ▶17 这两个争讼的人就要站在耶和华面前,和当时的祭司,并审判官面前,

Deuteronomy 19:15–20 (ESV)

- ➤ 15 "A single witness shall not suffice against a person for any crime or for any wrong in connection with any offense that he has committed. Only on the evidence of two witnesses or of three witnesses shall a charge be established.
- ➤ 16 If a malicious witness arises to accuse a person of wrongdoing,
- ➤ 17 then both parties to the dispute shall appear before the LORD, before the priests and the judges who are in office in those days.



申命记 19:15-20

- 》 18 审判官要细细地查究, 若见证人果然是作假见证 的,以假见证陷害弟兄,
- ▶ 19 你们就要待他如同他想要待的弟兄。这样,就把那悉从你们中间除掉。
- ▶ 20 别人听见都要害怕,就不敢在你们中间再行这样的恶了。

Deuteronomy 19:15–20 (ESV)

- ➤ 18 The judges shall inquire diligently, and if the witness is a false witness and has accused his brother falsely,
- > 19 then you shall do to him as he had meant to do to his brother. So you shall purge the evil from your midst.
- > 20 And the rest shall hear and fear, and shall never again commit any such evil among you.



箴言19:5

> 5作假见证的,必不免受罚; 吐出谎言的,终不能逃脱。

箴言12:22

22 说谎言的嘴,为耶和华所僧恶;行事诚实的,为他所喜悦。

Proverbs 19:5 (ESV)

> 5 A false witness will not go unpunished, and he who breathes out lies will not escape.

Proverbs 12:22 (ESV)

> 22 Lying lips are an abomination to the LORD, but those who act faithfully are his delight.



箴言6:16-19

- > 16 耶和华所恨恶的有六样, 连他心所憎恶的共有七样:
- ▶ 17 就是高傲的眼, 撒谎的舌, ▶ 17 haughty eyes, a lying tongue, and 流无辜人血的手,
- > 18 图谋恶计的心,飞跑行恶 的脚,
- > 19 吐谎言的假见证,并弟兄 中布散纷争的人。

Proverbs 19:5 (ESV)

- > 16 There are six things that the LORD hates, seven that are an abomination to him:
- hands that shed innocent blood,
- > 18 a heart that devises wicked plans, feet that make haste to run to evil,
- > 19 a false witness who breathes out lies, and one who sows discord among brothers.



●四、意义 | 4. Significance

意义

不做假见证陷害人是

- > 对事实的尊重;
- > 对神的敬畏。

Significance

Not bearing false witness to frame others is

- To respect the facts; and
- To fear God,



马太福音 5:37

37你们的话,是,就 说是;不是,就说不是; 若再多说,就是出于那 恶者。

Matthew 5:37 (ESV)

37 Let what you say be simply 'Yes' or 'No'; anything more than this comes from evil.



约翰福音 14:6

耶稣说: "我就是道路、真理、生命。

John 14:6 (ESV)

6 Jesus said to him, "I am the way, and the truth, and the life. No one comes to the Father except through me.



问题回倾 | Questions Review

》 1、不可做假见证陷害 人和不可说谎是不是一 个意思?

不可说谎>不可做假见 证陷害人

- > 1) Is "You shall not bear false witness against your neighbors" same as "You shall not lie"?
 - Not lying > Not bearing false witness against your neighbors



- > 2、如果做真见证,会害了别人,那是不是就可以不做真见证而说假话?
- 》如果是为了救人,是不是就可以做假见证了?
- > 2) If bearing true witness will harm others, then can we not bear true witness and tell lies?
- If it is to save people, can we bear false witness?

两害相权取其轻,求神赦免和怜悯。

Choose the lesser of two evils, and ask for God's forgiveness and mercy.



- 》 3、如果一个人被医生诊断了严重的疾病,同时病人心里的疾病,同时病人心里承受能力又非常低这时家人就会告诉他,没什么大病,就是作重感冒而已,这样做是撒谎吗? 你能接受吗?
- ➤ 3) If a person is diagnosed with a serious disease by a doctor, and the patient's psychological tolerance is very low, then his family tells him that it is not a serious illness, but just a bad cold. Is this lying? Can you accept it?

> 爱能遮掩许多的罪。

Love covers a multitude of sins.



~4、如果一个教会有两个核心 同工经常有意见分歧, 同工A 就经常来到牧师那里指责抱 怨同工B,如果同工B来问牧 师,同工A是不是经常到你这 儿来抱怨我? 作为牧师如果 说, "没有了, 就是沟通事 工上的一些事情。"这样的 回答是说谎吗? 你能接受吗?

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马太福音 10:16

▶16 我差你们去,如同羊进入 狼群,所以你们要灵巧像蛇, 驯良像鸽子。 > 5) If you are a missionary going to a country or region that persecutes Christianity, when you enter the country, the border official asks you what you are doing there, and you tell a lie, is that okay?

Matthew 10:16 (ESV)

➤ 16 "Behold, I am sending you out as sheep in the midst of wolves, so be wise as serpents and innocent as doves.





- ▶ 1、靠着对神的信心,圣灵的帮助,不做假见证陷害人,不说谎言。
- ► 2、谦卑地承认我们的软弱, 在不得已的情况下,两害相 权取其轻,求神怜悯和赦免。
- > 3、爱能遮掩许多的罪。
- > 4、为主做真见证,拯救人。

Summary

- ➤ 1) Have Faith in God and with the help of Holy Spirit, do not bear false witness to harm others, and do not tell lies.
- ➤ 2) Humbly admit our weaknesses and, when necessary, choose the lesser of two evils and ask for God's mercy and forgiveness.
- > 3) Love covers a multitude of sins.
- > 4) Bear true witness for the Lord and save souls.



●马太福音 22:37-40

- ▶ 37 耶稣对他说: "你要 尽心、尽性、尽意, 爱主 你的神。
- ▶ 38 这是诚命中的第一, 且是最大的。
- ▶ 39 其次也相仿,就是要 爱人如己。
- ► 40 这两条诫命是律法和 先知一切道理的总纲。"

94. Matthew 22:37–40 (ESV)

- > 37 And he said to him, "You shall love the Lord your God with all your heart and with all your soul and with all your mind.
- > 38 This is the great and first commandment.
- > 39 And a second is like it: You shall love your neighbor as yourself.
- ➤ 40 On these two commandments depend all the Law and the Prophets."



●罗马书13:9-10

- 》 9 像那"不可好淫",可 "不可杀人",可贪婪"。 "一个",可贪婪"。 "一个",一个"不可"。 "一个",一个"一个"。 "一个"。 "一个"。 "一个"。 "一个"。
- ► 10 爱是不加害与人的, 所以爱就完全了律法。

94. Romans 13:9-10 (ESV)

- ➤ 9 For the commandments, "You shall not commit adultery, You shall not murder, You shall not steal, You shall not covet," and any other commandment, are summed up in this word: "You shall love your neighbor as yourself."
- ➤ 10 Love does no wrong to a neighbor; therefore love is the fulfilling of the law.